

# West Of The Sun East Of The Moon

West Of The Sun East Of The Moon

Downloaded from [remodelicious.com](#) by Washington & Sadie

## THE ENDURING ENCHANTMENT OF WEST OF THE SUN EAST OF THE MOON

There are few phrases that capture the imagination quite like "West Of The Sun East Of The Moon." It is a location that defies geography, a place that exists only in the realm of fairy tales, dreams, and deep longing. For those unfamiliar with the name, it evokes a sense of mystery, distance, and the unattainable. It is a place that cannot be reached by ordinary means, a destination that requires faith, courage, and a touch of magic. This phrase is the cornerstone of one of the most beloved and haunting Norwegian folk tales, a story that has captivated readers for centuries and continues to inspire modern storytelling. To fully understand the power of "West Of The Sun East Of The Moon," one must journey into the heart of the tale itself, exploring its origins, its profound symbolism, and its lasting influence on literature and culture.

This article will serve as a comprehensive exploration of this timeless narrative. We will travel back to the snowy fjords of Norway, examine the archetypal characters and their quest, and uncover the deeper meanings hidden within the story. We will also see how this particular fairy tale, with its impossible geography and themes of love and loss, has shaped the work of later authors and found new life in contemporary media. By the end of this journey, the phrase "West Of The Sun East Of The Moon" will resonate not just as a location from a story, but as a powerful metaphor for the most significant quests in our own lives.

## Origins: A Norwegian Folk Tale of Transformation

The story of "East of the Sun and West of the Moon" (the more common English title) was first collected and written down by the great folklorists Peter Christen Asbjørnsen and Jørgen Moe in the mid-19th century. They published it in their seminal collection, *Norwegian Folktales* (1841-1844). Like many classic folk tales, it has antecedents in older myths and stories, most notably the ancient Greek myth of **Cupid and Psyche** and the later French fairy tale **Beauty and the Beast**. In all these stories, the central theme is the same: a human must learn to love a being who is cursed, and that love is tested by an act of forbidden curiosity or a broken promise.

The Norwegian version, however, possesses a unique flavor. It is steeped in the stark, beautiful, and sometimes terrifying landscape of Scandinavia. The story features a polar bear, a king's castle, and a trio of trolls with noses so long they can stir porridge. This cultural grounding gives the tale a

specific texture. The quest to find a place "West Of The Sun East Of The Moon" is not a vague fantasy; it is a journey that feels as real and as impossible as the northern lights or the midnight sun. The tale is a prime example of the "animal bridegroom" cycle of stories, where a supernatural creature is revealed to be a handsome prince under a spell. The core conflict arises from the need to see and trust the good in something that appears frightening or strange.

## THE HEART OF THE STORY: A QUEST FOR THE IMPOSSIBLE

## The White Bear and the Broken Promise

The narrative of "West Of The Sun East Of The Moon" begins in a humble cottage with a poor farmer and his many children. One winter evening, a great White Bear appears at their door and makes a startling offer: he will make the family rich in exchange for their youngest and prettiest daughter. After much persuasion, the daughter agrees to go with the bear, trusting in his strange proposition. She rides on his back to a magnificent castle hidden within a mountain, where she lives a life of luxury. Every night, when the lights are out, a man comes to her bed, but she never sees his face in the darkness. The bear tells her that as long as she does not look upon him, all will be well. This is the central test of the story.

However, loneliness and curiosity get the better of her. One night, she lights a candle and sees the most handsome prince she has ever imagined. Overcome with joy, she drips three drops of tallow from the candle onto his shirt. He wakes, and the spell is broken. He is not freed; instead, he is taken away by a hideous troll princess to a castle located **West Of The Sun East Of The Moon**. The girl is now filled with grief and guilt. She must leave the enchanted castle and set out on a perilous journey to find her lost prince, a journey that is seemingly impossible. The story transforms from a romance into a quest narrative.

## The Journey and the Helpful Winds

The princess's quest is a central element of the story's power. She must travel to the ends of the earth. On her journey, she seeks help from three wise and powerful women: the **East Wind**, the **West Wind**, and the **South Wind**. Each wind has travelled far, but none has ever been to the place **West Of The Sun East Of The Moon**. Finally, she reaches the **North Wind**, the oldest and strongest of all. The North Wind is wild and powerful, but he takes pity on her and agrees to carry her to the impossible castle. This portion of the story highlights the importance of perseverance and the kindness of nature. The winds are not mere weather phenomena; they are characters with

wisdom and will. The journey is a test of her resolve and a transformation from a naive girl into a determined woman.

This journey is also a classic example of the "hero's journey" or "monomyth." She leaves her ordinary world (the castle in the mountain), crosses a threshold, faces trials (seeking the winds), and approaches a near-impossible goal. The North Wind finally carries her to the castle, but he can only get so close before he must stop, warning her of the dangers that lie within. She is now alone, standing at the gates of the castle **West Of The Sun East Of The Moon**.

SYMBOLISM AND DEEP MEANING

The Impossible Location

The most fascinating element of the story is the location itself. It is a place that cannot exist in the real world. The description is poetically contradictory. The phrase **West Of The Sun East Of The Moon** immediately establishes a place that defies logic. It is beyond the boundaries of the known universe. This serves as a powerful symbol for the ultimate goal of any quest. It represents the thing we most desire but cannot reach through ordinary means. It is the true love that is lost, the dream that seems too far, or the spiritual goal that requires absolute faith. For the princess, the journey is not just geographical; it is a spiritual and emotional pilgrimage to reclaim a lost connection. The impossibility of the location emphasizes that some things can only be found through extraordinary effort, sacrifice, and a little help from magic or fate.

The Curse of the Trolls and the Power of Choice

The trolls in the story represent the forces of chaos, selfishness, and ugliness that seek to corrupt beauty and love. The troll princess who takes the prince is a clear antagonist, but she also represents a choice. The prince is cursed to marry a troll, and his true home is that dark place. The human princess, by her own actions, is responsible for the crisis, but she is also the only one who can fix it. Her choice to see the prince, while a mistake in terms of the rules, was an act of love and curiosity. The story does not punish her for her curiosity; it instead rewards her perseverance. The lesson is that love is not passive. It requires action, risk, and the willingness to journey even into impossible places.

The story also explores the theme of trust. The original agreement between the princess and the white bear was based on not seeing. This reflects a deeper truth about love: real intimacy often requires trusting what you cannot fully see or understand. The princess's failure is a very human one. She wants to see, to know, to be certain. This is the conflict between faith and knowledge that lies at the heart of so many great stories. The quest to **West Of The Sun East Of The Moon** is

effectively a quest to restore that trust and to win back a love that was lost through a broken promise.

LITERARY AND CULTURAL INFLUENCE

Shaping Modern Fantasy

The story of "West Of The Sun East Of The Moon" has had a profound influence on modern fantasy literature. One of the most notable authors to draw from this well was **C.S. Lewis**. In his novel *The Voyage of the Dawn Treader*, the children travel to the "Utter East," a place where the sky meets the sea, which echoes the impossible geography of the Norwegian tale. The theme of a quest for a lost prince and a place beyond the world is a clear parallel. **J.R.R. Tolkien** also admired the story, and the lonely journey, the help from natural forces, and the idea of a cursed king waiting for release can be seen in his work, particularly with characters like Beren and Lúthien. The tale is a foundational stone of the fantasy genre, providing a template for the quest romance that so many later writers would follow.

In Modern Pop Culture

The phrase "East of the Sun, West of the Moon" has been used in various forms of media. It is the title of songs by artists like Sting and a famous jazz standard. The imagery has been used in film and television, often to describe a place of longing and mystery. The story itself has been adapted into animated films, children's books, and even a ballet. The theme of a beautiful beast and a brave girl continues to be reinterpreted, as seen in movies like *Beauty and the Beast*, though the Norwegian tale is older and more haunting. The specific phrase **West Of The Sun East Of The Moon** is often used as a tagline or title for works that deal with the search for something lost and the impossible journey of love.

EXPLORING RELATED THEMES AND VARIATIONS

The Importance of the North Wind

The North Wind is a particularly memorable character in the story. He is not just a force of nature but a sentient being with a personality. He is grumpy, powerful, but ultimately kind. This personification of nature is a key feature of Norwegian folklore, where the natural world is alive with spirits and forces. The North Wind's role is crucial: he is the only one who can take the princess to the edge of the impossible world. This highlights the idea that we often need assistance from forces greater than ourselves to reach our highest goals. The wind cannot take her all the way, but he takes her far beyond what she could have achieved alone. This is a