

Basic Fitting Guide For Asu

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INTRODUCTION: WHY A PROPER ASU FIT MATTERS

Whether you are a new recruit heading to basic training or a seasoned non-commissioned officer preparing for a formal inspection, the Army Service Uniform (ASU) is a symbol of professionalism and pride. But even the most expensive or well-constructed uniform will look sloppy if it does not fit correctly. A proper fit not only enhances your appearance but also ensures comfort during long ceremonies, briefings, or daily wear. This basic fitting guide for ASU covers every component from the coat to the trousers, helping you achieve that sharp, tailored look that meets **Army Regulation 670-1** standards. We will walk through key measurements, common problem areas, and simple adjustments you can make without visiting a tailor.

UNDERSTANDING THE ASU COMPONENTS

Before diving into specific fitting tips, it helps to know the main pieces that make up the Army Service Uniform. The standard ASU consists of:

- **Army green coat (Class A or Class B)**
- **Light green (or white for dress occasions) shirt**
- **Neck tab or tie**
- **Army green trousers (or skirt for female soldiers)**
- **Beret or service cap**
- **Black oxford shoes or pumps**
- **Accessories: name tape, rank insignia, unit patches, awards**

Each of these items has specific fit requirements, and a basic fitting guide for ASU should address them individually. However, the coat and trousers are usually the most critical for achieving a polished silhouette.

The ASU Coat: Shoulders, Chest, and Sleeves

The coat is the centerpiece of the uniform. Improper fit here is immediately noticeable. When evaluating the coat, pay attention to three main areas: shoulder width, chest circumference, and sleeve length.

Shoulder width is often the most overlooked measurement. The shoulder seam should sit exactly at the point where your shoulder ends and your arm begins. If the seam hangs off the edge, the coat is too wide; if it pulls toward your neck, it is too narrow. A good test: raise your arms straight out to the sides. The coat should not ride up excessively or restrict movement.

Chest fit should allow you to button the coat comfortably without pulling across the chest. You should be able to slide a flat hand between your chest and the coat when buttoned. Too tight and the vents will gap; too loose and the coat will look baggy.

Sleeve length is a common challenge. With arms relaxed at your sides, the coat sleeve should end at the wrist bone (the base of the thumb). The shirt cuff should show about ¼ to ½ inch beyond the coat sleeve. For female soldiers, sleeves may be slightly shorter to show the same amount of shirt cuff.

COMMON COAT FIT ISSUES AND QUICK FIXES

Many soldiers find that off-the-rack coats require minor alterations. If the shoulders fit well but the waist is too loose, a tailor can take in the side seams. If the sleeves are too long, they can be shortened from the shoulder or cuff (but note that shortening from the shoulder keeps sleeve button details intact). Keep in mind that Army regulations allow certain alterations as long as the uniform remains serviceable. Always consult your unit's uniform policy before making permanent changes.

ASU Trousers: Waist, Seat, and Length

Trousers are the second most visible part of the ASU. They should fit comfortably at your natural waist (just above the hip bones, not on the hips like civilian jeans). The waistband should be snug enough that you don't need a belt to hold them up, even though a belt is mandatory.

Seat and thigh fit: The trousers should not be tight across the seat or thighs. When you sit down, they should not pull or feel restrictive. A common error is buying trousers that are too large in the waist to accommodate large thighs. Instead, look for trousers with a slightly wider leg or have the waist taken in after purchasing the correct seat size.

Length (inseam): The pant hem should fall to the top of the shoe in the front, with a slight break (fold) just above the shoe. In the back, the hem should be long enough to cover the top of the heel, but not so long that it drags on the ground. For a modern military look, many soldiers prefer a

hem that barely touches the shoe—avoiding a stack of fabric. Keep in mind that trousers must be hemmed with a plain bottom (no cuffs) unless you are wearing the optional mess dress.

ADJUSTING TROUSERS FOR A BETTER FIT

If your trousers are too long, hemming is straightforward. If they are too short, you may need to let down the hem (if there is enough excess fabric) or purchase a longer inseam. A tailor can also adjust the taper of the leg to a limited degree without altering the regulation appearance. Always check AR 670-1 for permissible modifications.

The ASU Shirt and Neckwear

The long-sleeved light green shirt (or white for evening functions) must fit closely but not tightly. The collar should button comfortably without gaping. Place two fingers between your neck and the collar when buttoned. If you can fit more than two fingers, the collar is too large; if you cannot fit any, it is too small.

Shirt sleeves should be long enough so that the cuff button aligns with your wrist. The sleeve should not balloon. When wearing a tie or neck tab, the top button of the shirt is fastened, and the tie should sit flat against the collar, with the small end tucked into the shirt's front placket.

The neck tab (for female soldiers) or tie (for male soldiers) should be adjusted so that the tip extends to the middle of the belt buckle. Too long or too short draws unwanted attention.

Beret and Headgear Fit

The beret is an iconic part of the ASU. It must be worn so that the headband rests straight across the forehead, 1 inch above the eyebrows. The extra fabric is pulled to the right (for most soldiers) and the flash is centered over the left eye. A properly fitted beret will not slip or feel tight. To break in a new beret, many soldiers wet it and shape it over a rounded form, but avoid over-stretching.

If you wear a service cap, it should sit level and not pinch the temples. The cap band should rest just above the ears. Shop for caps in the correct head circumference—most come in sizes small, medium, and large.

HOW TO TAKE YOUR OWN MEASUREMENTS

A reliable basic fitting guide for ASU begins with accurate measurements. If you buy online or from a surplus store, knowing your numbers saves time and returns. Here is a quick method:

1. **Chest:** Measure around the fullest part of your chest, under your arms and across the shoulder blades. Keep the tape level.
2. **Waist:** Measure at your natural waistline (above the belly button). Do not suck in your stomach.
3. **Inseam:** Measure from the crotch seam to the floor along the inside of your leg. Wear shoes similar to your ASU oxfords for accuracy.
4. **Sleeve length:** Measure from the center back of your neck, across the shoulder, and down to your wrist bone. This is especially helpful for coats.
5. **Neck:** Measure around the base of your neck, adding half an inch for comfort.

Keep these measurements handy when ordering or trying on uniforms. Many retail uniform stores offer free fitting services if you are unsure.

Women's ASU Fit Considerations

Female soldiers should note that the ASU is designed with different fit blocks. The coat should accommodate the bust without pulling across the buttons. If you have a larger bust, consider sizing up in the chest and having the waist taken in. The skirt version of the ASU should fall at or just below the knee, with a slim but not tight silhouette. Skirt length is regulated—hemlines should not be more than 1 inch above the knee.

Shoe fit matters too. Pumps should have a closed toe and a heel no higher than 3 inches (typically 1½ to 2 inches is standard for comfort). Ensure you can stand for long periods without pain.

COMMON MISTAKES TO AVOID

Even with a good basic fitting guide for ASU, soldiers sometimes make errors. Here are pitfalls to watch for:

- **Oversized coats:** Many think a looser coat is more comfortable, but it looks unprofessional and can catch on equipment.
- **Too-short sleeves:** Showing too much shirt cuff (more than ½ inch) breaks uniformity.

- **Belt not aligned:** The belt buckle should be centered over the trousers' front closure, and the belt should not twist.
- **Rank insignia placement:** Even with perfect fitting, misaligned insignia ruins the look. Refer to AR 670-1 for exact placement.
- **Ignoring fabric shrinkage:** Some uniforms shrink after the first wash. Wash and dry (according to label) before alterations.

Seasonal Fit Adjustments

Temperatures can change how your uniform fits. In hot weather, you may want a more breathable fabric, but stick to the authorized materials. In cold weather, you can wear a lightweight undershirt without affecting the coat's fit—just ensure it is not visible at the neck. Layers should never bulk up the shoulders or chest.

WHEN TO VISIT A TAILOR

Some alterations are beyond a soldier's ability at home. Complex adjustments like taking in the coat's waist, adjusting the shoulders, or tapering trousers should be done by a professional who understands military uniforms. Look for a tailor experienced with ASUs—many are located near military bases. A basic fitting guide for ASU can only get you so far; a tailor can fine-tune for a custom fit that regulations allow.

What can a tailor do? They can shorten sleeves, take in side seams, adjust the seat of trousers, and add or remove loops. They cannot change the

overall cut or add decorative elements. Always request that original buttons and stitching be preserved.

Cost of Alterations

Typical costs vary by location, but expect to pay \$15–\$30 for trousers hemming, \$20–\$40 for coat sleeve shortening, and \$30–\$60 for taking in a coat's waist. Considering the importance of a sharp appearance, these are worthwhile investments. Some units even reimburse alteration costs for soldiers who need to replace uniforms due to weight changes—check with your supply sergeant.

CONCLUSION

A sharp ASU fit is not about vanity; it is about representing the Army with discipline and attention to detail. This basic fitting guide for ASU has covered the essentials: coat shoulders and sleeves, trousers waist and length, shirt collar, and headgear. By taking accurate measurements, understanding your body shape, and seeking professional alterations when needed, you can ensure your uniform reflects the highest standards. Remember, uniformity among soldiers starts with each individual's commitment to proper fit. Whether you are standing in formation or attending a formal dinner, a well-fitted ASU commands respect and boosts your own confidence. Use this guide before your next uniform purchase or inspection, and never settle for “close enough.”