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# Walbro Carburetor Cross Reference

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*Walbro Carburetor  
Cross Reference*

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## **MASTERING THE WALBRO CARBURETOR CROSS REFERENCE: A COMPLETE GUIDE TO FINDING THE RIGHT REPLACEMENT**

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If you work with small engines, whether professionally as a mechanic or simply as a hands-on homeowner maintaining your own equipment, you have almost certainly encountered a Walbro carburetor. Walbro is a leading manufacturer of diaphragm carburetors, supplying OEMs and the aftermarket for decades. These carburetors are found on chainsaws, leaf blowers, string trimmers, hedge trimmers, and even some generators and water pumps. However, when it comes time to replace a faulty carburetor, the process is rarely straightforward. You may hold a carburetor in your hand with a long string of numbers stamped into the body, but finding an exact match online can be frustrating. This is where a solid understanding of the Walbro carburetor cross reference becomes invaluable. This guide will walk you through everything you need to know to successfully identify, cross-reference, and replace your Walbro carburetor with confidence.

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### **UNDERSTANDING WALBRO CARBURETOR MODELS AND NUMBERING SYSTEMS**

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Before diving into specific cross-references, it is essential to understand how Walbro identifies its products. A

Walbro carburetor typically has a model number stamped directly into the metal body, often near the fuel inlet or on the mounting flange. This number is the key to unlocking the correct replacement part.

The model number usually consists of a letter prefix followed by a series of numbers. Common series include the WA, WT, WJ, WYK, WYL, and HDA series, among many others. For example, a carburetor marked "WT-391" belongs to the WT series. The suffix numbers indicate specific metering, calibration, and application details that make that carburetor correct for a particular engine model.

However, there is a critical nuance to understand. Walbro carburetors are often designed for a specific OEM application. A carburetor built for a Husqvarna chainsaw will have different calibration settings, such as jet sizes and spring tensions, compared to a carburetor built for a Stihl or Echo unit, even if they share the same basic series. Therefore, a Walbro carburetor cross reference is not always a simple one-to-one mapping. You must consider the original equipment manufacturer, the engine displacement, and the application type.

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### **WHY USE A WALBRO CARBURETOR CROSS REFERENCE?**

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There are several scenarios in which a cross-reference becomes essential. First, the original carburetor may be

discontinued or backordered. In such cases, you need to find an equivalent aftermarket or OEM alternative that will perform correctly. Second, the markings on your old carburetor may be worn, rusted, or partially illegible. By cross-referencing the engine model or the equipment model, you can often deduce the correct carburetor number. Third, you may have acquired a piece of equipment without knowing its service history, and you need to replace a carburetor that is clearly not original. Finally, some equipment owners prefer to upgrade or standardize their carburetors across multiple machines for simplicity, and the cross-reference helps identify compatible options.

Using a reliable cross-reference saves you time, money, and frustration. It prevents the purchase of a carburetor that looks similar but will not perform correctly, which can lead to poor engine starting, rough idling, lack of power, or even engine damage due to improper fuel mixture.

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### **HOW TO READ A WALBRO CARBURETOR MODEL NUMBER**

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Let us break down what the numbers and letters on a Walbro carburetor actually mean. While Walbro does not publish its proprietary coding system in detail, experienced technicians have identified general patterns.

The series letters, such as WA, WT, or HDA, indicate the physical design and size of the carburetor. The WA series, for instance, is a compact, lightweight carburetor commonly used on smaller displacement engines like those found in hand-held trimmers. The WT series is also popular for chainsaws and trimmers. The HDA series is a larger, more robust carburetor often used on professional-

grade chainsaws and larger engines.

The numeric suffix is the application-specific calibration code. Two carburetors from the same series but with different suffix numbers, such as WT-391 and WT-463, are not interchangeable without careful comparison of their metering components. Changing just the jet or the fuel inlet fitting might seem easy, but it can drastically alter the air-fuel ratio. Therefore, the cross-reference must account for the full model number, not just the series.

Additionally, Walbro carburetors often have a date code stamped nearby, but that is for manufacturing traceability and is not used in cross-referencing.

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### **COMMON WALBRO CARBURETOR SERIES AND THEIR CROSS-REFERENCE PATTERNS**

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Some Walbro series are more common than others in the small engine world. Understanding the general application of each series can help you narrow down your search.

## **The Walbro WA Series**

The WA series is one of the most frequently encountered Walbro carburetors. It is a compact, lightweight diaphragm carburetor. You will find it on many trimmers, blowers, and small chainsaws from brands such as Echo, Homelite, Poulan, and Ryobi. Because of its popularity, there is a vast aftermarket for WA series carburetors. However, there are dozens of WA variants, so matching the suffix is crucial. A common example is the WA-162, which is used on

many Echo trimmers. A cross-reference might list several other WA numbers that share the same calibration and fitting layout, but always verify physical dimensions.

## The Walbro WT Series

The WT series is another workhorse, widely used on chainsaws and brush cutters. It is slightly larger than the WA series and often includes a primer bulb fitting. Models like the WT-391, WT-324, and WT-215 are very common. The WT series is known for its reliability and serviceability. When cross-referencing a WT carburetor, pay close attention to the fuel line routing and the position of the throttle linkage, as these can vary even among models with similar numbers.

## The Walbro HDA Series

The HDA series represents Walbro's professional-grade carburetors. These are used on high-performance chainsaws and other demanding equipment from manufacturers like Stihl, Husqvarna, and Jonsered. HDA carburetors feature metal bodies (though some later models use composite), adjustable high-speed and low-speed jets, and often a accelerator pump for improved throttle response. Cross-referencing an HDA carburetor requires special care because the performance demands are higher, and an incorrect replacement can severely affect engine power and durability. Examples include the HDA-199, HDA-120, and HDA-87.

## The Walbro WYK and WYL Series

These series are typically found on older equipment, especially from the 1970s and 1980s. They are diaphragm carburetors with distinct mounting patterns and linkage setups. Finding exact replacements for these can be challenging, but a good cross-reference can identify compatible aftermarket alternatives. The WYK series, for instance, was used on many Homelite chainsaws.

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### A PRACTICAL WALBRO CARBURETOR CROSS REFERENCE APPROACH

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Now that you understand the series, how do you actually perform a cross-reference? There are several methods, and the best approach often combines multiple sources.

## Method 1: Use the OEM Part Number

This is the most reliable method. Find the equipment's model number (e.g., "Husqvarna 455 Rancher") and look up the OEM carburetor part number from the manufacturer's parts diagram. Then, search for that OEM number using a cross-reference tool. Many aftermarket carburetor listings will state something like "Replaces OEM numbers 503870901, 545099401, etc." You can then verify that the aftermarket carburetor is built to the same specifications as the OEM

Walbro unit.

## Method 2: Use the Walbro Number Directly

If you have a legible Walbro number, you can search online databases and forums. While there is no single official public cross-reference from Walbro, many small engine parts suppliers maintain their own internal cross-references. Websites like Jack's Small Engines, PartsTree, and eReplacementParts have robust search tools. Simply enter the Walbro number, and the system will often return the corresponding engine or equipment models. This approach works well for common numbers.

## Method 3: Physical Comparison

When all else fails, or when you want to be absolutely certain, you can compare the physical dimensions and features of the carburetor. This is especially useful when dealing with obscure or discontinued models. Key measurements include the mounting hole spacing, the overall length and width, the diameter of the intake bore, the fuel inlet fitting size and orientation, the position of the throttle shaft and lever, and the presence of any fittings for primer bulbs or purge valves. A digital caliper is your best friend here. Cross-reference the dimensions against known carburetors in the same series.

### SAMPLE WALBRO CARBURETOR CROSS REFERENCE TABLE

To illustrate how a cross-reference works in practice, consider the following examples. Please note that this is a sample and should not be used as a definitive guide without verification against your specific equipment.

- **Walbro WA-162** – Commonly used on Echo SRM-200, SRM-210, and SRM-220 trimmers. Cross-references to aftermarket models from brands like Tillotson and Zama. OEM part numbers include 90001022003 and A010000081.
- **Walbro WT-391** – Found on Husqvarna 240, 340, 345, and 350 chainsaws. Cross-references to Oregon 49-011 and several generic aftermarket units. Check throttle linkage orientation carefully.
- **Walbro HDA-199** – Used on Husqvarna 372 XP and Jonsered 2171 chainsaws. This is a high-performance carburetor. Cross-references to OEM parts 503 58 09-01 and 545 09 94-01. Aftermarket copies are available but quality varies.
- **Walbro WT-215** – Found on many older Poulan and Craftsman chainsaws, including the Poulan 2000 and 2300 series. Cross-references to Oregon 49-013 and various generic replacements. Often includes a primer bulb.
- **Walbro HDA-120** – Used on the Stihl 039 and MS390 chainsaws. Cross-references to Stihl OEM part 1128 120 0604. This is a common replacement carburetor with many aftermarket options.

When using any cross-reference table,

always verify that the replacement carburetor includes the same fittings, linkages, and adjustment screw configurations as your original. A carburetor that fits physically but has a different throttle lever orientation will be unusable.

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### **TIPS FOR A SUCCESSFUL WALBRO CARBURETOR REPLACEMENT**

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Once you have identified the correct replacement using a Walbro carburetor cross reference, the actual installation process is relatively straightforward, but there are a few best practices to follow.

First, always replace the fuel lines and the fuel filter when you replace the carburetor. Old, brittle fuel lines can leak air and cause the new carburetor to run lean, potentially damaging the engine. Second, clean the air filter and ensure the air intake system is free of debris. A dirty air filter can cause a rich condition and poor performance. Third, use fresh, high-quality fuel mixed at the correct

ratio for your engine. Stale fuel is a primary cause of carburetor problems. Fourth, after installing the new carburetor, adjust the idle speed and mixture screws according to the manufacturer's specifications for your specific engine model. Many aftermarket carburetors come pre-set for a baseline, but fine-tuning is often necessary.

If your equipment has a purge bulb, prime the carburetor according to the manufacturer's instructions. If it does not, you may need to manually prime the carburetor by covering the intake with your finger and pulling the starter rope several times. Be patient during the first start. It may take several pulls to get fuel into the carburetor.

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### **COMMON PITFALLS TO AVOID WHEN CROSS-REFERENCING**

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Even with a good cross-reference, mistakes can happen. Here are some common pitfalls to avoid.

One of the most frequent errors is assuming that all carburetors within the same series