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# La Gallina Degollada Horacio Quiroga Ciudad Seva

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*La Gallina Degollada*  
*Horacio Quiroga Ciudad*  
*Seva*

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## INTRODUCTION: THE ENDURING HORROR OF A MASTERPIECE

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In the vast landscape of Latin American literature, few short stories strike with the visceral force of **La Gallina Degollada** by Horacio Quiroga. This tale, which translates to "The Decapitated Chicken," is a cornerstone of the Gothic and horror genres in the

Spanish-speaking world. Its unsettling power lies not in supernatural monsters, but in the mundane, creeping dread of a family trapped by biology and fate. For readers seeking this classic, the digital library **Ciudad Seva** serves as a vital gateway, offering free access to Quiroga's complete works. Understanding the context of **La Gallina Degollada Horacio Quiroga Ciudad Seva** requires a deep dive into the story's themes, the author's tormented

life, and the digital preservation that keeps his legacy alive. This article explores the story's chilling narrative, its psychological depths, and why it remains a staple of literary horror more than a century after its publication.

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### **PLOT SYNOPSIS: THE MAZZINI FAMILY TRAGEDY**

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**La Gallina Degollada** tells the story of the Mazzini family, a couple whose four children have all been born with severe intellectual disabilities. The parents, once hopeful, are now consumed by a life of sterile routine and silent resentment. The story opens with the children, who are described as having animalistic behaviors, sitting idly in their yard. Their world is one of sensory stimulation—mud, sunlight, and the

simple act of drooling.

The narrative tension escalates when a fifth child, a healthy baby girl named Bertita, is born. The parents pour all their repressed love and hope into this child, while the four disabled children are neglected further. This neglect sets the stage for the story's gruesome climax. While the maid is decapitating a chicken for dinner, the four children witness the act with strange fascination. Later, when Bertita is left unattended in her garden, the children mimic the maid's actions. The final scene is a masterpiece of understated horror: the parents rush back to find their daughter's body, her head cut off, while the four children watch with a "stupid, senseless smile."

This narrative is a direct echo of Quiroga's own fascination with the

intersection of instinct, madness, and tragedy. The story does not offer redemption; instead, it presents a deterministic view of life where heredity and chance conspire to destroy any semblance of happiness.

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### LITERARY ANALYSIS: THEMES OF DETERMINISM AND DECAY

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## The Cruelty of Fate

Horacio Quiroga was a master of the short story, deeply influenced by Edgar Allan Poe. In **La Gallina Degollada**, the theme of determinism is overwhelming. The children's condition is not a punishment for sin; it is a random,

biological accident. The parents, particularly the father, are constantly battling a sense of cosmic injustice. This aligns with the naturalist literary movement of the late 19th and early 20th centuries, which suggested that human beings are merely products of their heredity and environment, with little free will.

## Symbolism of the Decapitated Chicken

The central symbol of the story is the chicken itself. The act of decapitation is presented as a mundane kitchen chore.

However, for the disabled children, the chicken's reflexive, headless movements represent a form of life without consciousness, a life that mirrors their own existence. When they later turn this action on their sister, they are not acting out of malice or jealousy in a human sense. They are replicating a physical ritual they witnessed, highlighting the gap between human morality and their instinctual world. The chicken becomes a grim omen, foreshadowing the literal fall of the "little hen" (Bertita).

## The Failure of

## Language and Connection

One of the most poignant aspects of the story is the breakdown of communication. The children cannot speak; they only emit grunts and shrieks. The parents speak only to argue or express sterile frustration. The story is filled with descriptions of silence and missed opportunities for connection. This emotional vacuum is what ultimately allows the tragedy to unfold. The father, Mazzini, is particularly tragic because he is educated and articulate, yet he is unable to prevent the disaster. His intelligence is useless against the brute force of biology.

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## HORACIO QUIROGA: A LIFE OF TRAGEDY AND ISOLATION

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To fully appreciate **La Gallina Degollada**, one must understand the life of its author. Horacio Quiroga was born in Uruguay in 1878, and his life was marked by a series of violent accidents and suicides. His father died in a hunting accident when Quiroga was an infant. His stepfather committed suicide. His first wife, Ana María Cires, also took her own life. Quiroga himself lived a solitary existence in the jungle of Misiones, Argentina, where he struggled with poverty and illness.

These experiences deeply colored his writing. His stories often explore themes of madness, sudden death, and the hostile power of nature. Unlike the

romanticized view of the wilderness, Quiroga's jungle is a place of entrapment and danger. His characters are often psychologically fragile individuals who are pushed to their breaking point. **La Gallina Degollada** is one of his most urban stories, set in a house in Buenos Aires, but it carries the same weight of psychological pressure. The "jungle" here is the interior landscape of the family home, a place of silent, creeping horror.

Quiroga is often referred to as the "Poe of Latin America." This comparison is apt, but reductive. While Poe focused on the psychological torment of the individual, Quiroga often extended that torment to the family unit and the concept of heredity. The children in **La Gallina Degollada** are not ghosts or

demons; they are the living consequences of a genetic roll of the dice, making the horror more tangible and unsettling.

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### **CIUDAD SEVA: THE DIGITAL GUARDIAN OF THE STORY**

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For modern students, scholars, and casual readers, accessing classic literature has been revolutionized by digital libraries. **Ciudad Seva** is one of the most prominent and respected digital repositories for Hispanic literature. Founded by Dr. Luis López Nieves (a renowned Puerto Rican writer), Ciudad Seva hosts a vast collection of texts, from medieval ballads to contemporary novels.

The inclusion of **La Gallina Degollada** by Horacio Quiroga on Ciudad Seva is

significant for several reasons. First, it ensures that the text is available for free, breaking down economic barriers to education. Second, it provides a clean, authoritative version of the story, often with accompanying biographical notes and critical introductions. This makes it an invaluable resource for anyone writing a literary analysis or simply looking to experience a classic.

When searching for **La Gallina Degollada** Horacio Quiroga Ciudad Seva, a reader is likely to find the full text in a well-formatted page. The site is designed to be a "city of letters," and navigating it is like walking through a library hall where every book is accessible. This digital preservation is crucial for works like Quiroga's, which, while famous, are often out of print or

difficult to find in physical form outside of major libraries. Ciudad Seva acts as a bridge between the 20th-century literary canon and the 21st-century reader.

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### THE ROLE OF "LA GALLINA DEGOLLADA" IN MODERN LITERATURE

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The influence of this story extends far beyond its initial publication in 1917 as part of the collection *Cuentos de amor, de locura y de muerte* (Tales of Love, Madness, and Death). It is regularly anthologized and is a standard text in high school and university curricula across Latin America. Its impact can be seen in later authors who explored the horror of the domestic sphere.

The story's structure is a textbook

example of narrative tension. Quiroga builds the sense of dread slowly, using clinical, almost detached prose. He avoids sentimental description. The children are not described as "cute" or "innocent"; they are biological entities. This coldness makes the climax feel inevitable and statistically probable rather than melodramatic. The story asks a difficult question: What happens when love fails? What happens when parents are unable to connect with their children? The answer is silence, neglect, and ultimately, tragedy.

Furthermore, the story challenges the reader's conception of evil. The children are not evil in a moral sense. They are incapable of morality. This makes the horror existential rather than moral. It is not about a bad person doing a bad

thing; it is about a universe that allows such a thing to happen through the simple mechanics of biology and circumstance. This is a very modern, even existentialist, kind of horror.

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### KEY LITERARY DEVICES IN QUIROGA'S STORY

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To fully understand the power of the text, it is useful to break down the specific techniques Quiroga uses:

- **Foreshadowing:** The opening scene of the story shows the four children watching a sunset, their backs to the house. This image of passive observation creates a sense of waiting. The decapitation of the chicken is the explicit foreshadowing. The reader knows

something terrible is coming.

- **Unreliable Narrative:** The story is told from a third-person objective perspective, but it often dips into the consciousness of the parents. We see their despair, their hope for Bertita, and their disgust for their other children. This perspective manipulates the reader's sympathy. We are made to feel sorry for the parents, even as we sense their neglect.
- **Repetition and Rhythm:** Quiroga uses repetition to create a hypnotic rhythm. He often describes the children's repetitive behaviors—their drooling, their rocking, their grunting. This repetition mirrors the monotony of the family's life and builds a sense

of claustrophobia.

- **Contrast:** The contrast between the healthy, vibrant Bertita and the inert, disabled children is stark. The contrast between the ordered world of the kitchen (where the chicken is prepared) and the chaotic world of the yard (where the children play) is also crucial. When these two worlds collide, the horror erupts.

These techniques combine to create a story that is both intellectually stimulating and deeply disturbing.

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### WHY READ "LA GALLINA DEGOLLADA" TODAY?

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In an age of constant digital stimulation and high-concept horror films, a short

story from 1917 might seem dated. However, **La Gallina Degollada** retains its power because it taps into a primal fear: the fear that we cannot protect our loved ones, not from monsters, but from ourselves. It is a story about the fragility of the human mind and the thin veneer of civilization.

For writers, it is a masterclass in economy. The story is only a few thousand words long, but it contains the arc of a novel. Quiroga famously followed his "manual of the perfect short story writer," which emphasized conciseness, intensity, and a single, unified effect. This story is the perfect embodiment of that philosophy.

For general readers, it offers a window into a world of pure, unfiltered narrative. There are no subplots, no digressions,

and no comfort. It is a straight line to a dark destination. Experiencing this story is a reminder that literature does not always have to be uplifting or moral. Sometimes, it is enough to be compellingly, relentlessly true to its own dark vision.

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## CONCLUSION

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The story **La Gallina Degollada** remains a towering achievement in the horror and literary canon. Its exploration of determinism, neglect, and the

animalistic nature of humanity is as relevant today as it was in 1917. The work of Horacio Quiroga, marked by personal tragedy and profound insight, finds its most concentrated expression in this tale. Thanks to digital platforms like **Ciudad Seva**, this masterpiece continues to reach new generations of readers across the globe. Whether you are a student of Latin American literature, a fan of psychological horror, or a curious reader, seeking out **La Gallina Degollada Horacio Quiroga Ciudad Se**